

Mini Grid Day Sapienza University Rome

21st of June 2018

University of Bologna

Fluid Machines and Energy Systems Research Group
Department of Industrial Engineering

Prof. Antonio Peretto and **Prof. Michele Bianchi** – Full Professors

Prof. Andrea De Pascale, Prof. Francesco Melino – Associate Professors

Ing. Lisa Branchini – Assistant Professor

Ing. Maria Alessandra Ancona – Post Doctoral Research Fellow

Ing. Saverio Ottaviano, Ing. Jessica Rosati – PhD Students

Ing. Alessandro Brilloni, Ing. Francesco Catena, Ing. Luigi Scarponi, Ing. Noemi Torricelli – Research Fellows

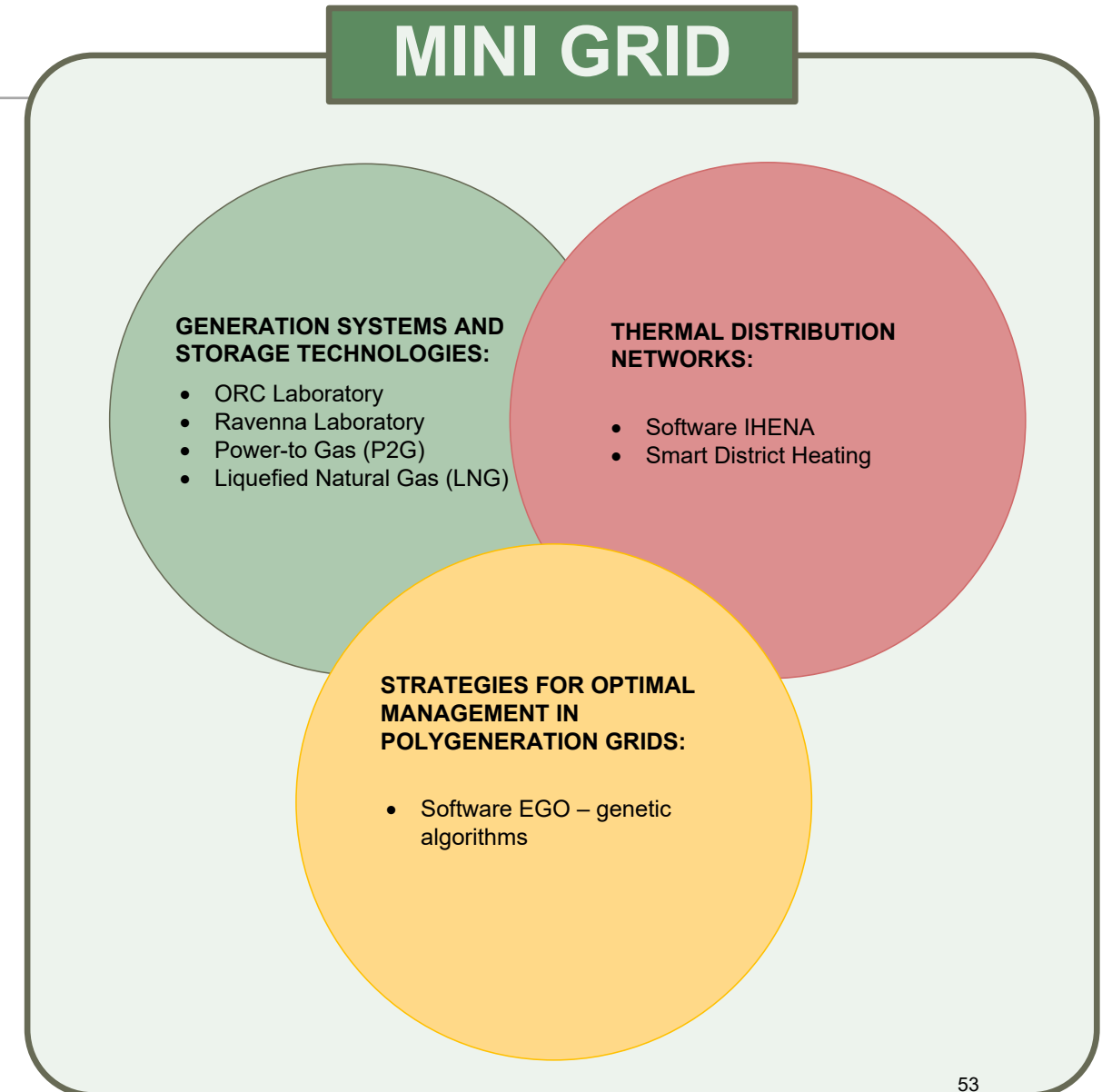
SPEAKER:

Maria Alessandra Ancona – Post Doctoral Research Fellow
Department of Industrial Engineering (DIN)

RESEARCH TOPIC: COMPLEX ENERGY NETWORKS

Partners for Mini Grid Topics:

- Chalmers University – Göteborg (Sweden)
- CNR
- DTU - Technical University of Denmark
- ENEA
- EPFL – École Polytechnique Fédérale de Lausanne
- Ferrari Technology
- Graf Spa
- Star Engine
- University of Ferrara



GENERATION SYSTEMS: ORC LABORATORY

GENERATION SYSTEMS AND STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES:

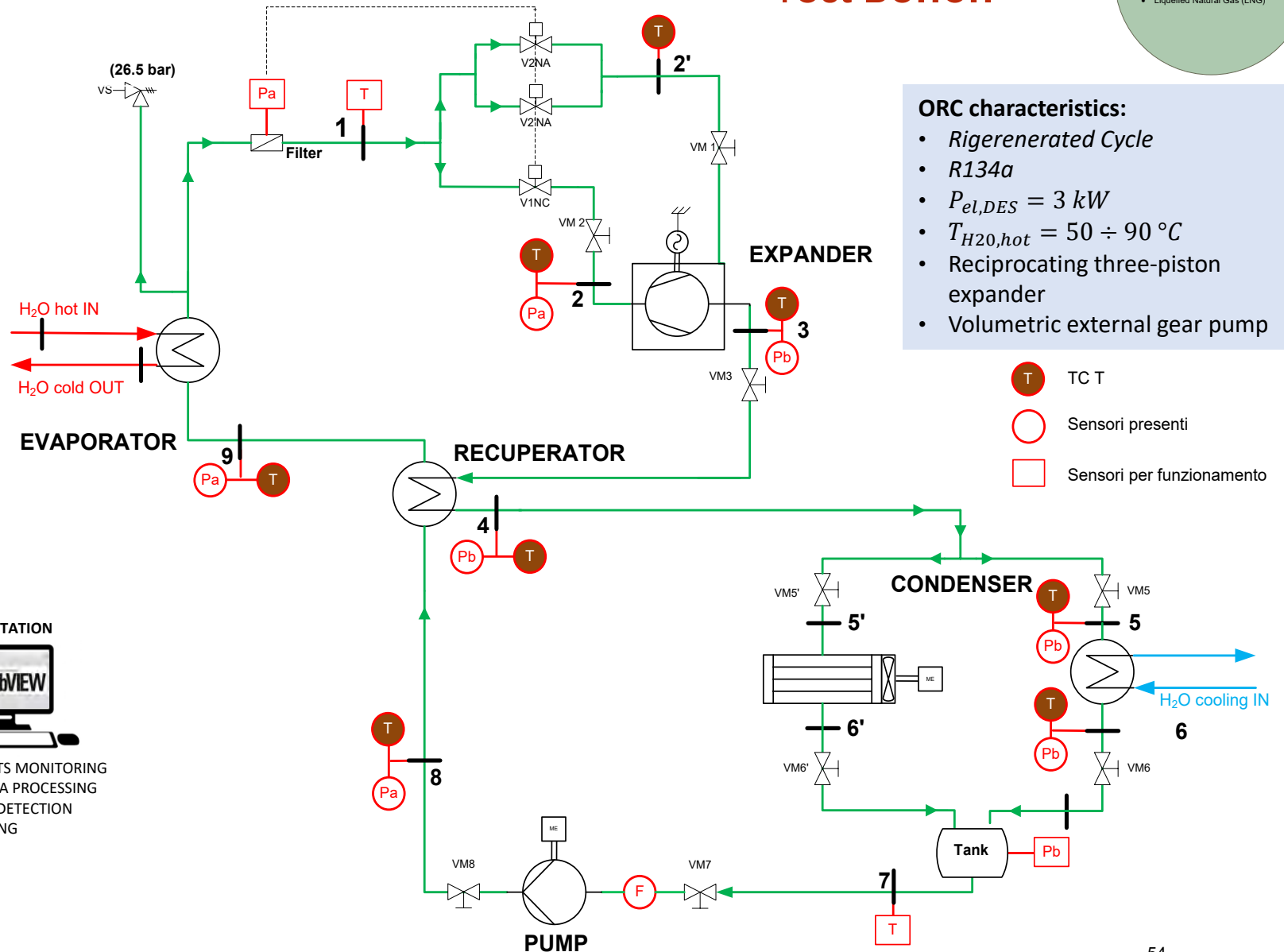
- ORC Laboratory
- Ravenna Laboratory
- Power-to Gas (P2G)
- Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG)

Test Bench

ORC characteristics:

- *Rigerenerated Cycle*
- *R134a*
- $P_{el,DES} = 3 \text{ kW}$
- $T_{H2O,hot} = 50 \div 90 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Reciprocating three-piston expander
- Volumetric external gear pump

- TC T
- Sensori presenti
- Sensori per funzionamento



SENSORS



INPUT HARDWARE NI CRIO



- SIGNAL CONDITIONING
- SIGNAL TRASDUCTION

PC WORKSTATION

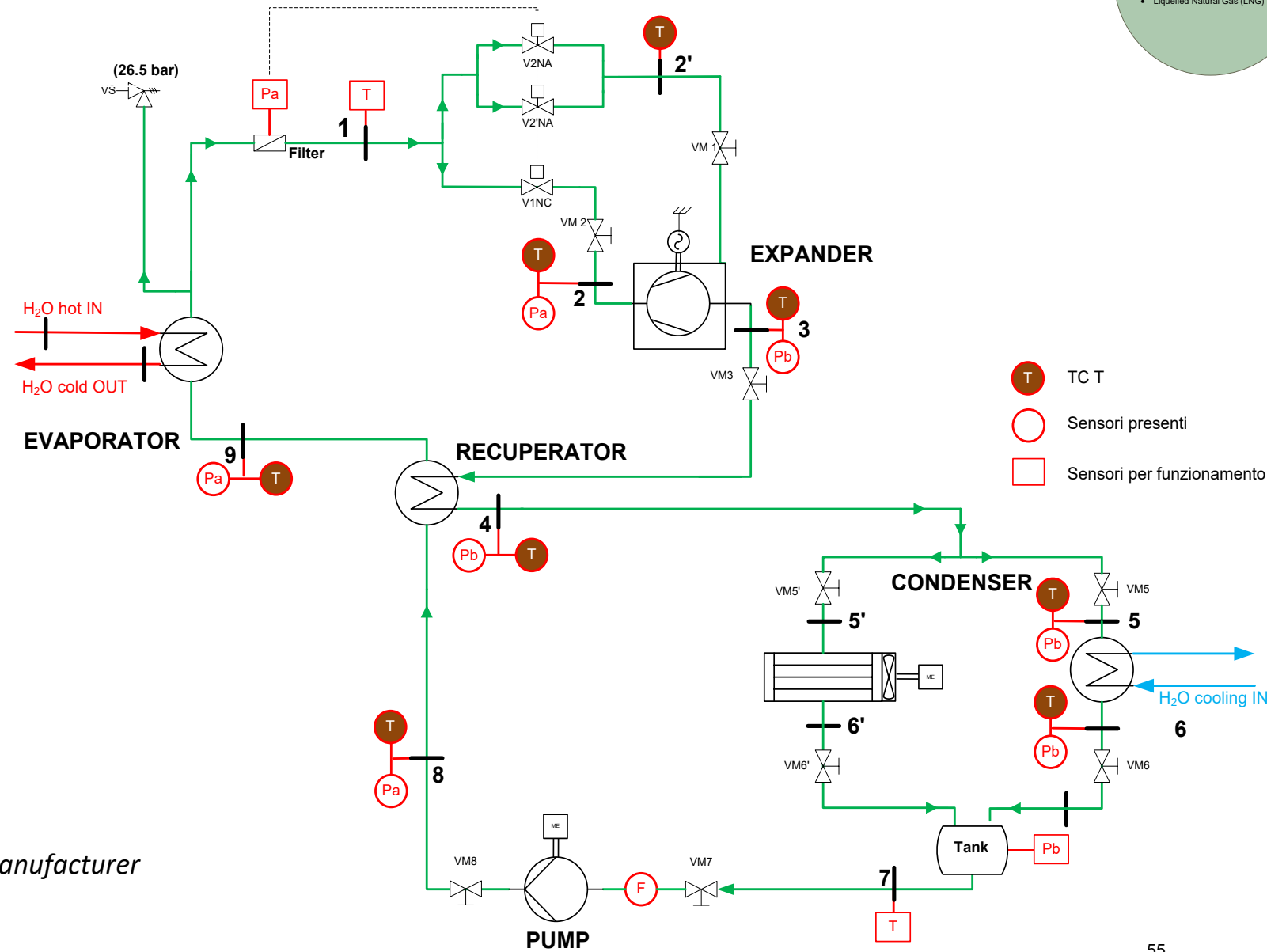
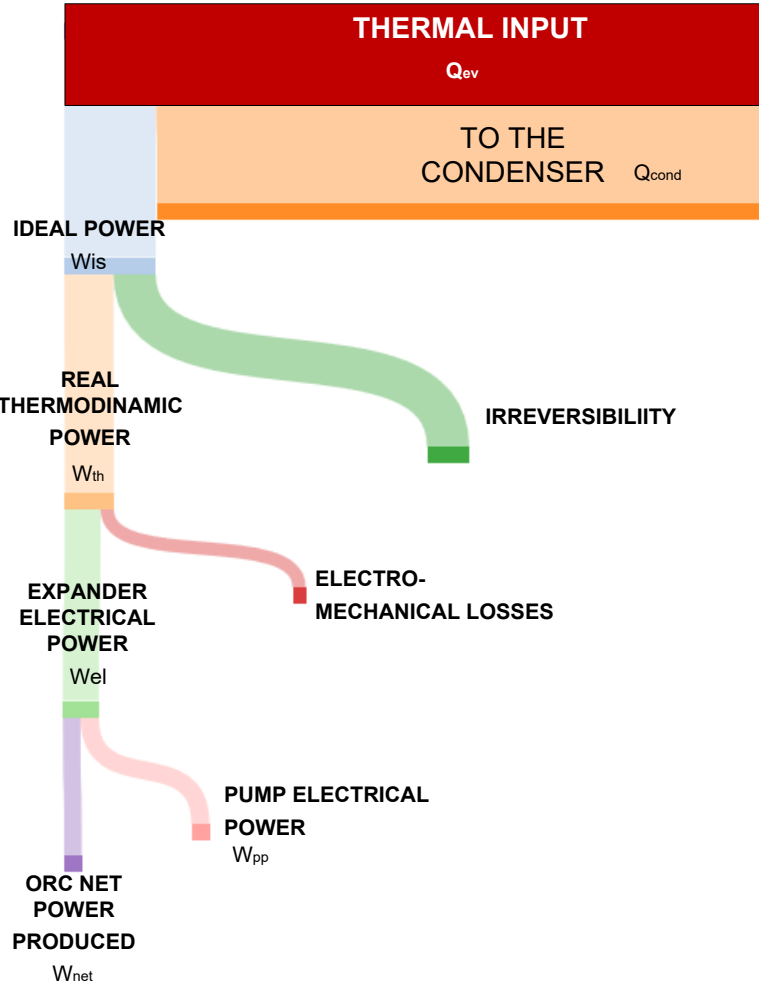


- MEASUREMENTS MONITORING
- REAL TIME DATA PROCESSING
- STEADY STATE DETECTION
- DATA RECORDING

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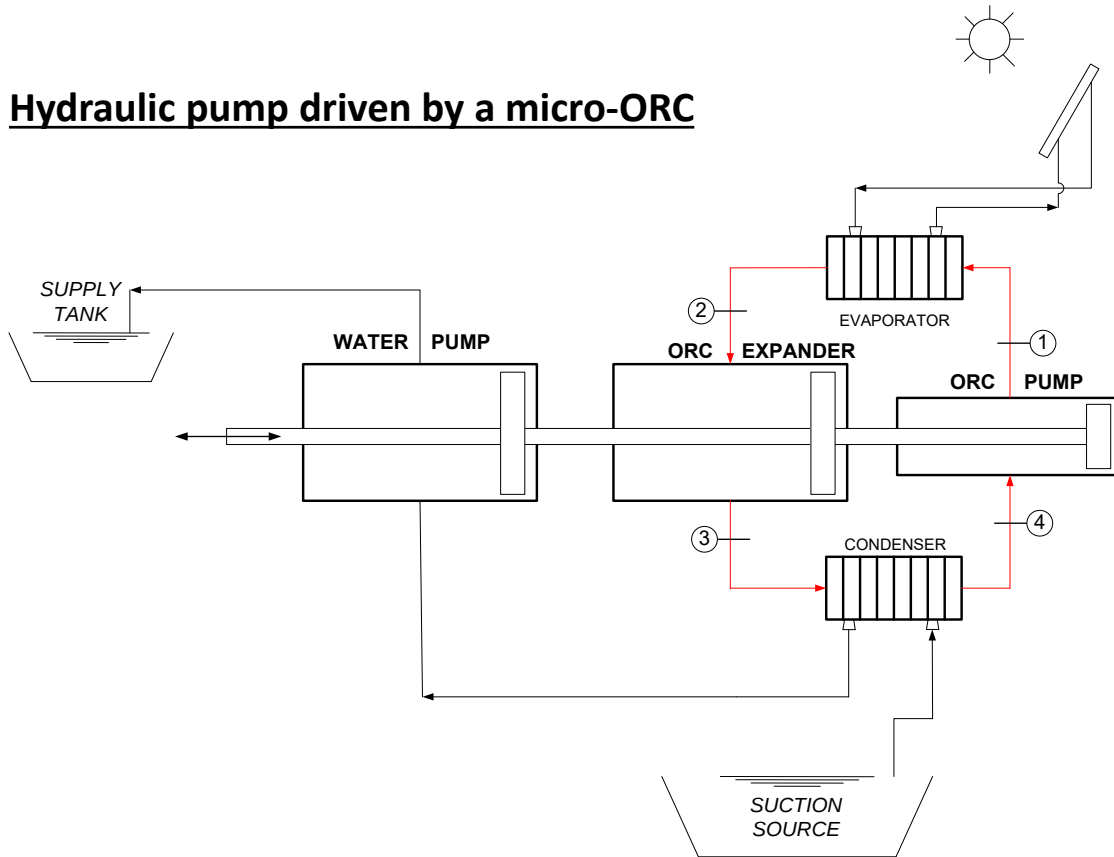
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Collaboration: University of Ferrara, Star Engine – ORC manufacturer

Test Bench

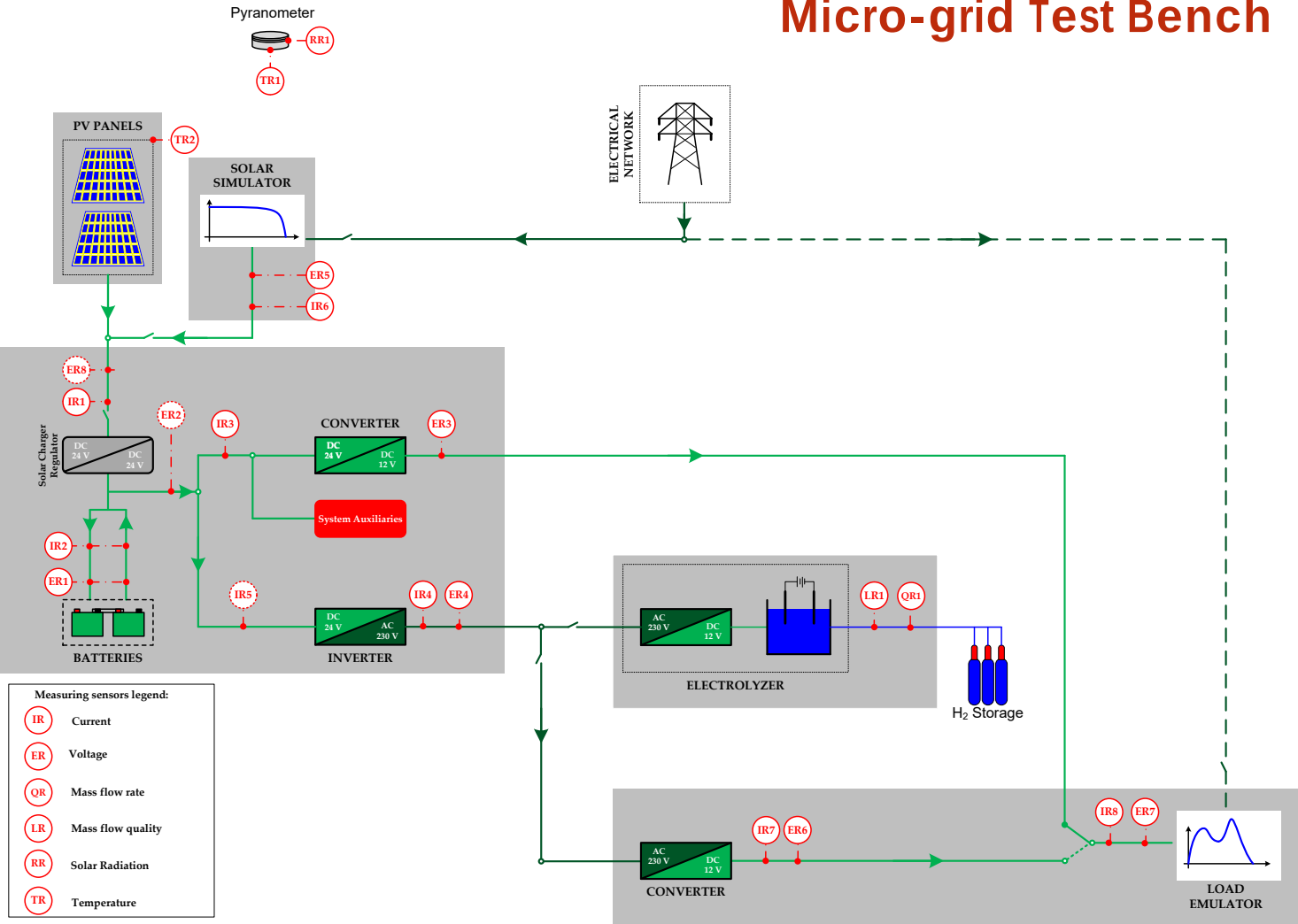
Hydraulic pump driven by a micro-ORC



System characteristics:

- *R134a*
- *Pressure Head = 0.6 ÷ 1.8 bar*
- $T_{H2O,hot} = 50 \div 75 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- $T_{H2O,cold} = 24 \div 26 \text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Pump and expander: double acting-piston machines
- No electronic control system required

Micro-grid Test Bench



SYSTEM	
MAX. INPUT CURRENT, PHOTOVOLTAICS	30 A
SYSTEM VOLTAGE, PHOTOVOLTAICS	24 V DC
MAX OUTPUT CURRENT 12 V DC	2 A
MAX. CONTINUOUS OUTPUT 230 V AC	700 W
MOMENTARY PEAK LOAD	1050 W (10 SEC)
OUTPUT VOLTAGE FREQUENCY	230 V, 50/60 HZ, TRUE SINUS

SOLAR MODULES (EACH)	
TYPE	POLYCRYSTALLINE
SYSTEM VOLTAGE	24 V DC
MPP OUTPUT	220 W
EFFICIENCY	>13% @AM1.5
SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT	8.62 A
MPP VOLTAGE	27.54 V

BATTERIES (EACH)	
TYPE	LEAD-ACID BATTERY
SYSTEM VOLTAGE	12 V DC
CAPACITY	55 AH

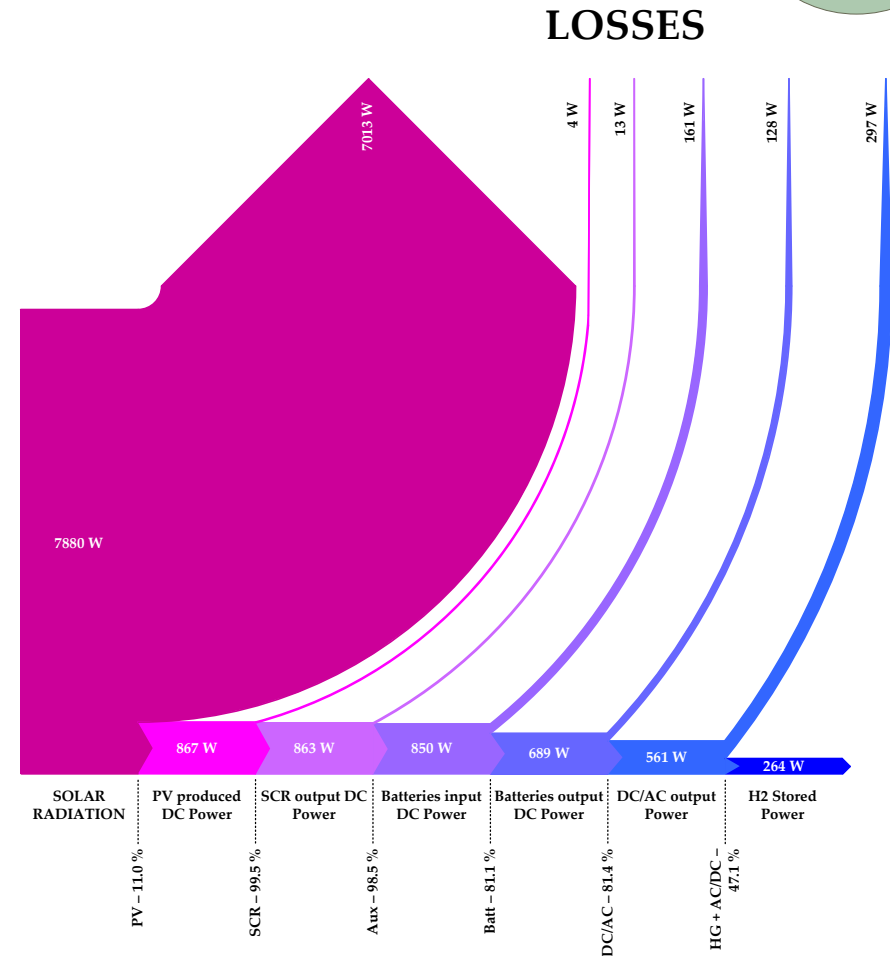
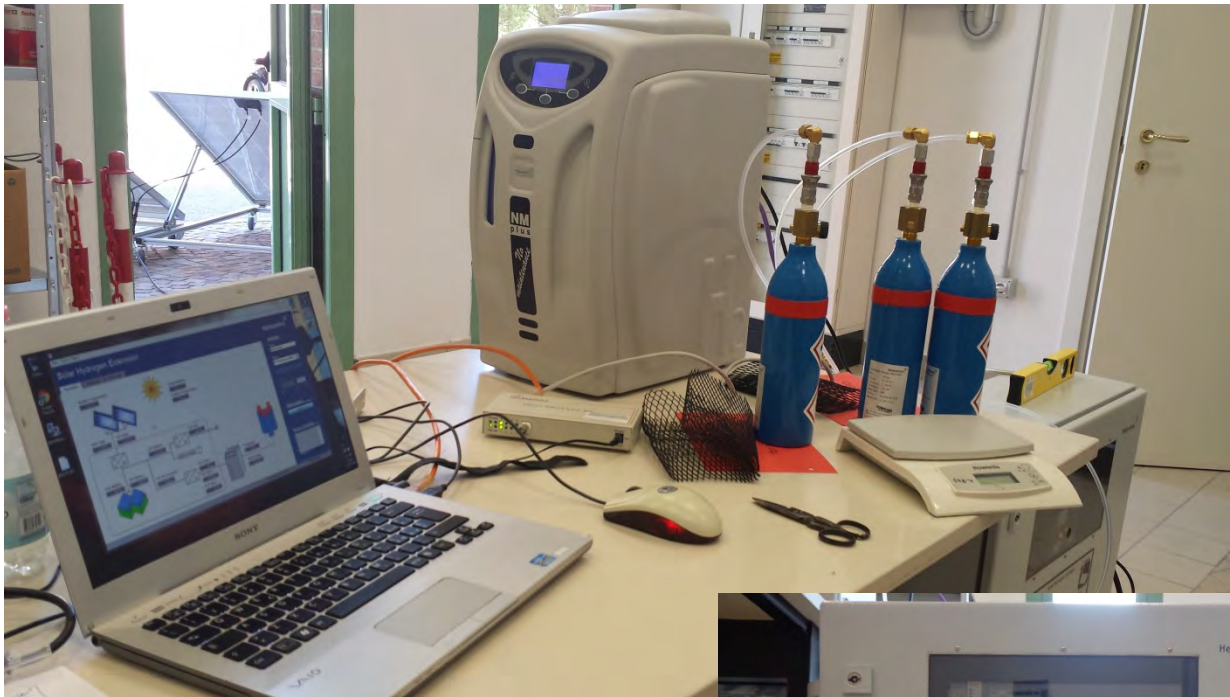
HYDROGEN GENERATOR	
TYPE	PROTON EXCHANGE MEMBRANE
PRODUCTION CAPACITY	30 SL/H @10.7 BAR
HYDROGEN PURITY	6.0 (99.999%)
INPUT VOLTAGE	120 VAC /50- 60 HZ
MAX. CONSUMPTION	300 VA

ELECTRONIC DC LOAD EMULATOR	
INPUT VOLTAGE RANGE	0-360 V
INPUT POWER RANGE	0-300 W
INPUT CURRENT RANGE	0-30 A

GENERATION SYSTEMS AND STORAGE: RAVENNA LABORATORY

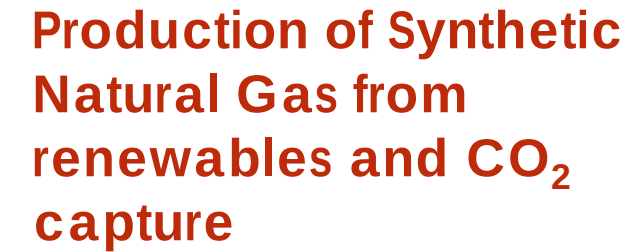
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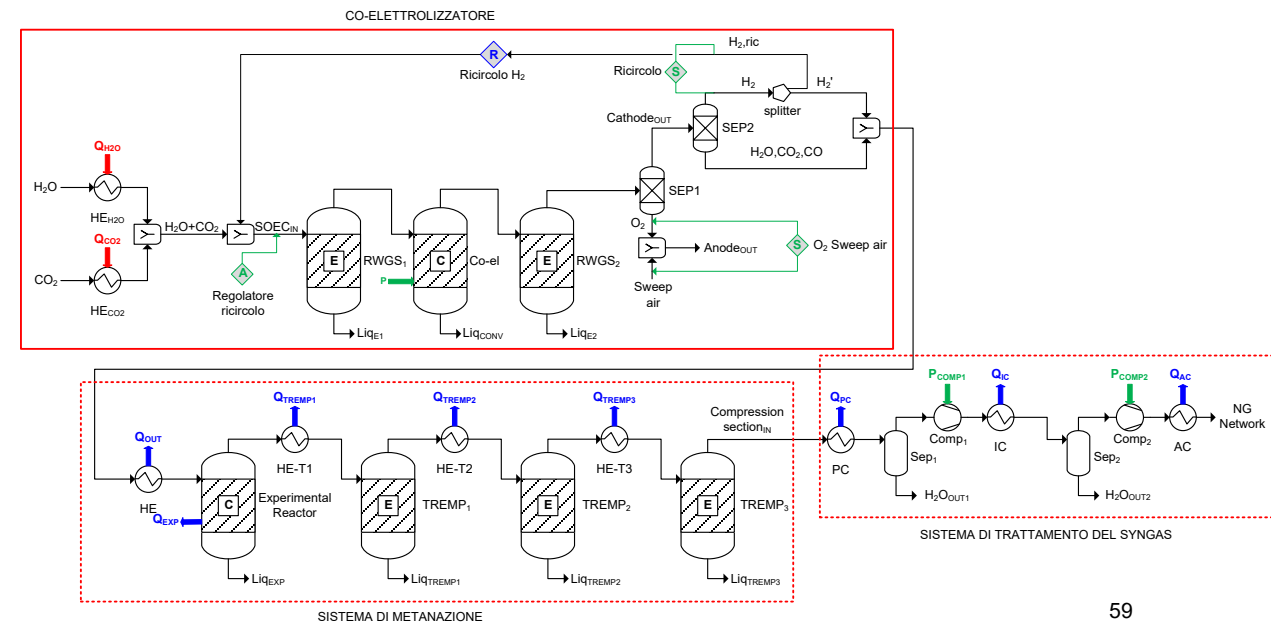
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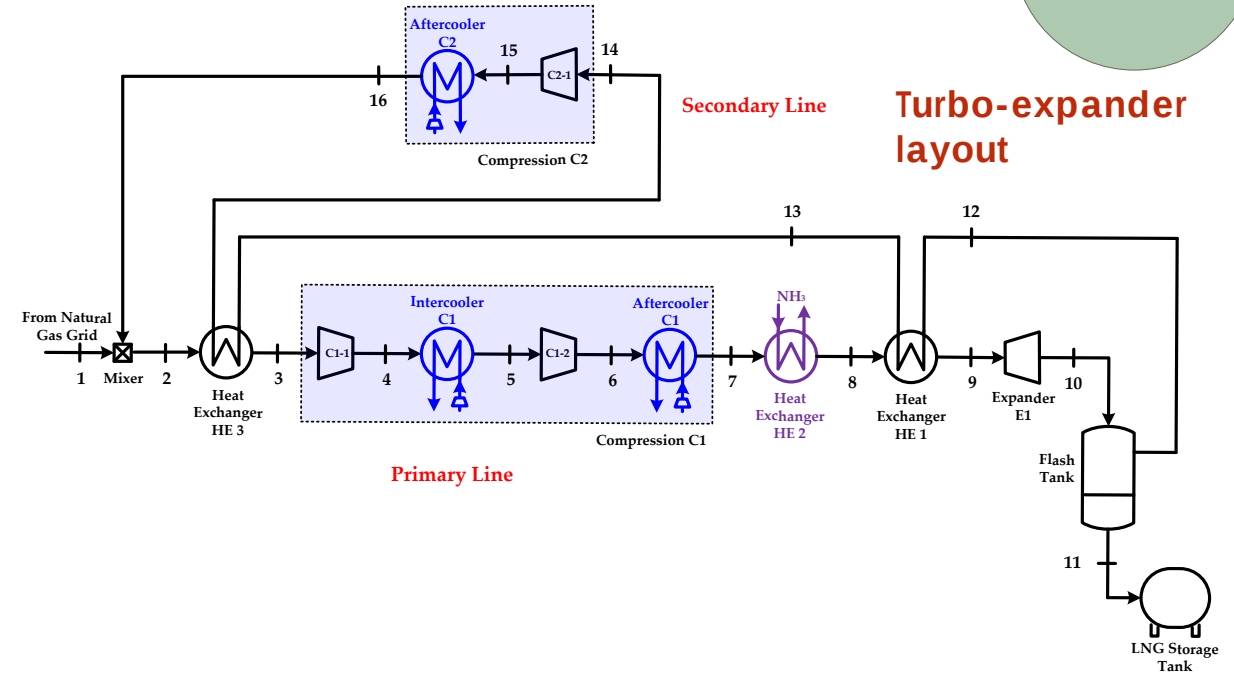
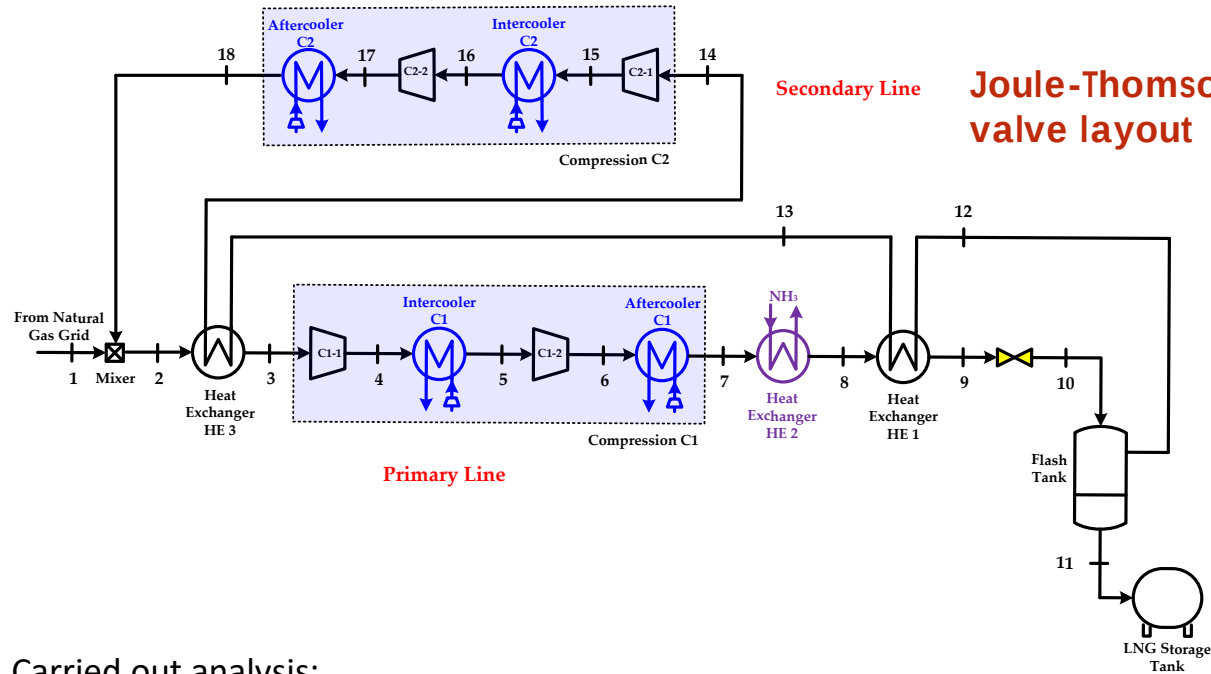
- **Model of the system** with ASPEN HYSIS
- **Electrolysis** and **methanation optimization**
- **Heat recovery** from different sections of the process
- **Performance** optimization

**AIM
SEA** | Associazione Italiana
delle Macchine a fluido
e dei Sistemi per
l'Energia e l'Ambiente

Maria Alessandra Ancona



STORAGE TECHNOLOGIES: LNG



Carried out analysis:

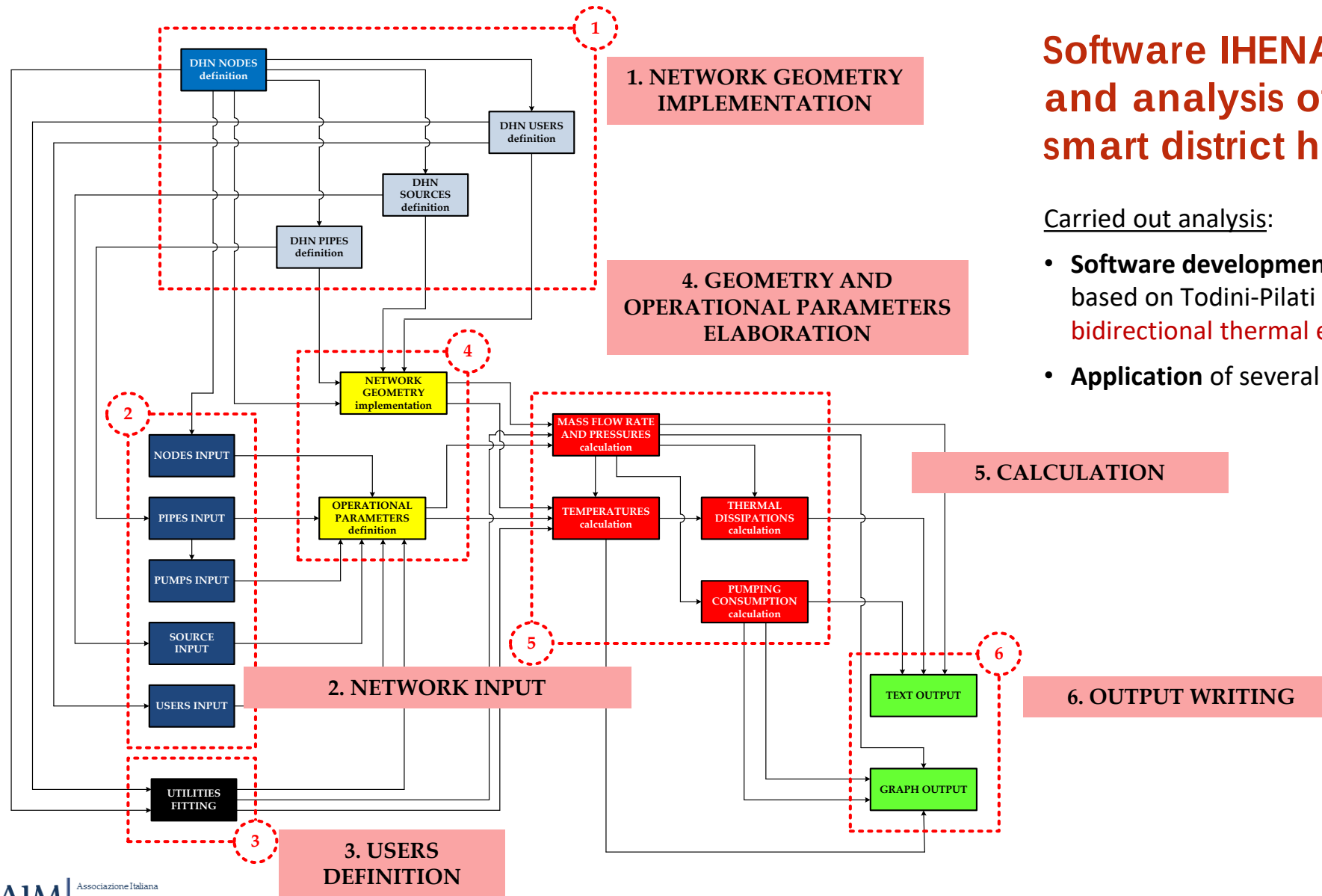
- **Layout** definition and optimization (minimum compressors consumption, heat exchange optimization)
- **Parametric analysis** for the process optimization: maximum pressure, storage pressure, chiller outlet temperature
- **Performance evaluation**
- Waste heat recovery analysis and possible integration with bottoming cycles

Collaboration: Graf S.p.a. (**prototype** realization), Clean Port project (POR-FESR 2014-2020)

THERMAL DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS: SOFTWARE IHENA

THERMAL DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS:

- Software IHENA
- Smart District Heating



Software IHENA for the design and analysis of traditional or smart district heating networks

Carried out analysis:

- **Software development** (thermo-hydraulic resolution of the network based on Todini-Pilati algorithm, introduction of the possibility of **bidirectional thermal exchange** at final users)
- **Application** of several case studies

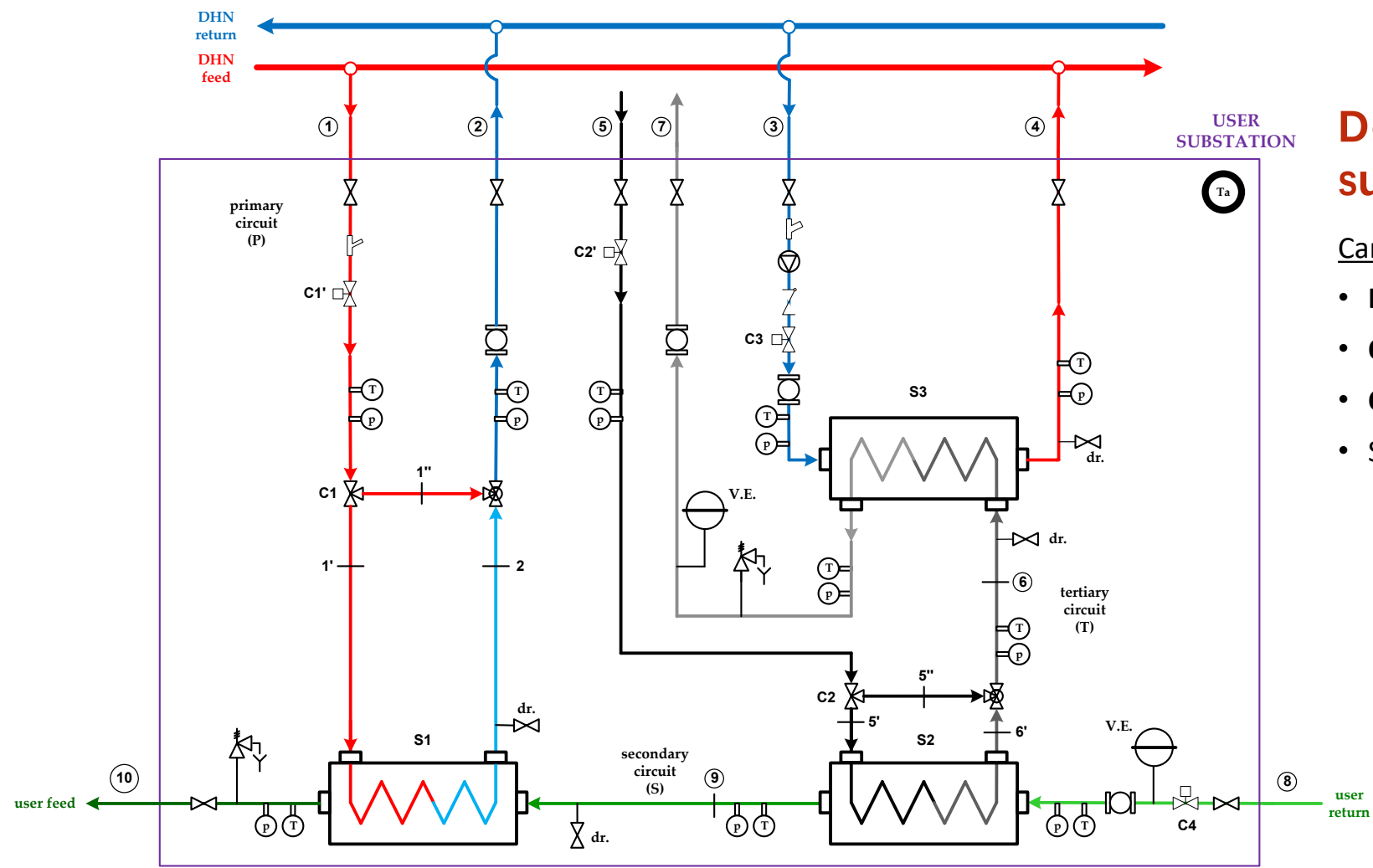
Main output:

- inlet and outlet **temperature** and **pressure**, mass flow rate, velocity, pressure drop for each pipe
- total **heat supplied** from the production plants
- total **electrical power consumption** for the pumping stations
- **pressure drops** at each of primary circuits of the utilities

THERMAL DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS: SMART DISTRICT HEATING

THERMAL DISTRIBUTION NETWORKS:

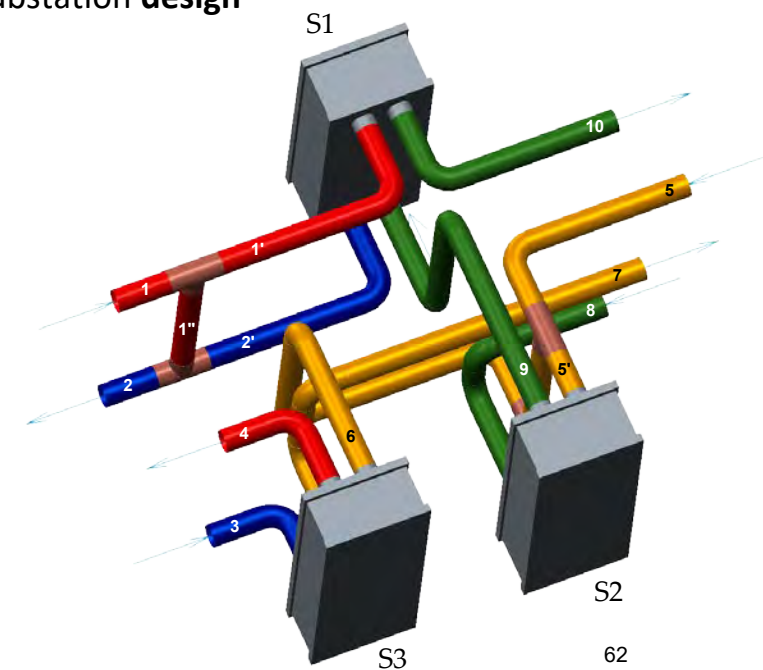
- Software iHENA
- Smart District Heating



Design *ex novo* of a smart user substation

Carried out analysis:

- **Layout (strategy)** definition
- **Operational logic** definition
- **Control** definition
- Substation **design**



Collaboration: ENEA (Italian National Agency for New Technologies, Energy and Sustainable Economic Development) and Eurac Research

STRATEGIES FOR OPTIMAL MANAGEMENT IN POLYGENERATION GRIDS: SOFTWARE EGO

STRATEGIES FOR OPTIMAL MANAGEMENT IN POLYGENERATION GRIDS:

- Software EGO – genetic algorithms

Software EGO for energy systems' scheduling optimization

- ✓ Scheduling optimization with the aim to minimize the total cost of energy production
- ✓ Based on genetic algorithms

Objective Function $FF = C_{\lambda} + C_M + C_E + C_F$

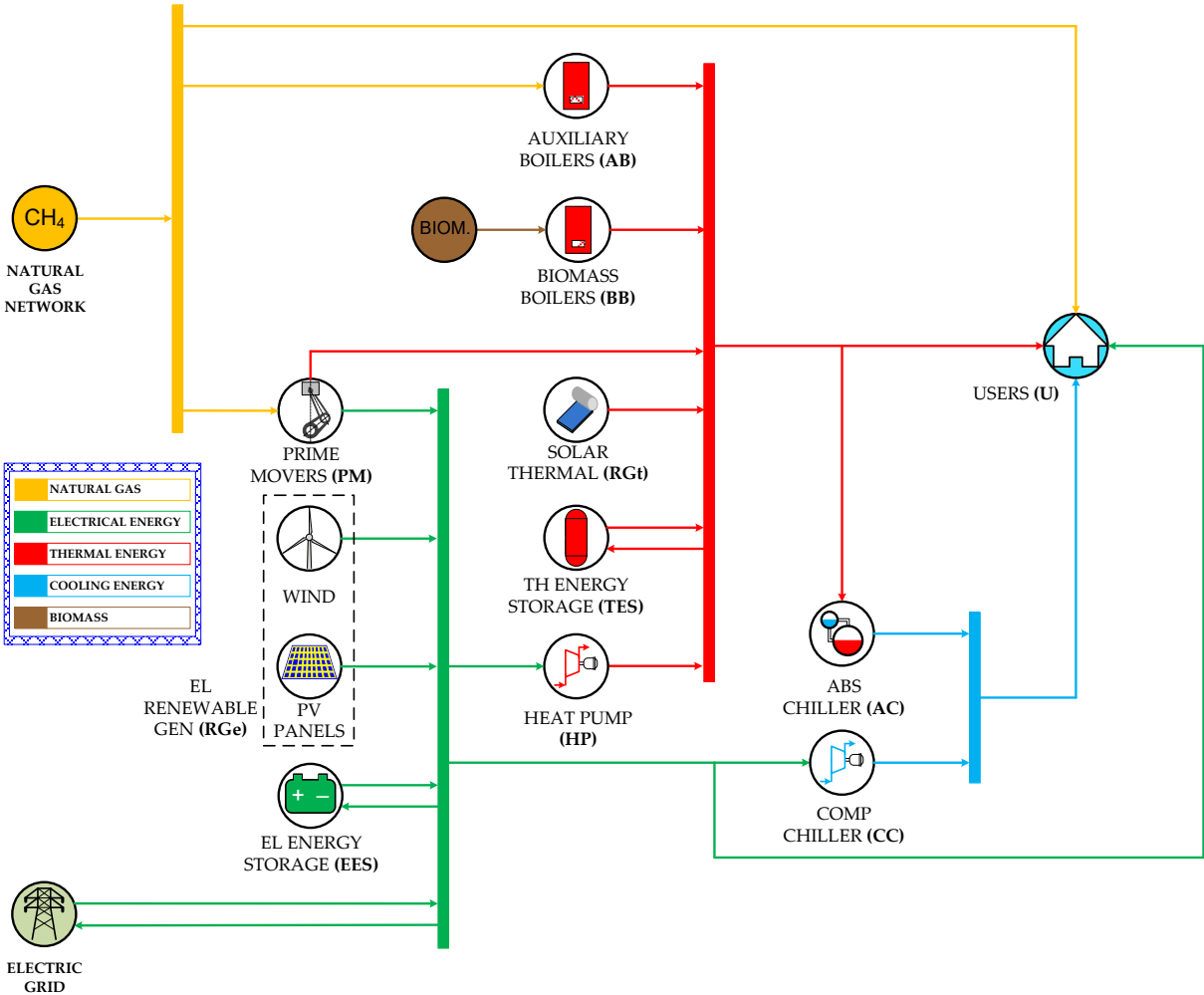
- C_{λ} : fuel cost
- C_M : maintenance costs
- C_E : electricity purchase costs
- C_F : fictitious costs

Thermal Priority

$$C_F = \sum_{i=1}^{n_{PM}} \frac{Q_{disp,i}}{\eta_{AB,av}} \cdot \lambda_{fuel} \cdot p_T - P_{EL,S} \cdot \xi_{EL,S}$$

Electrical Priority

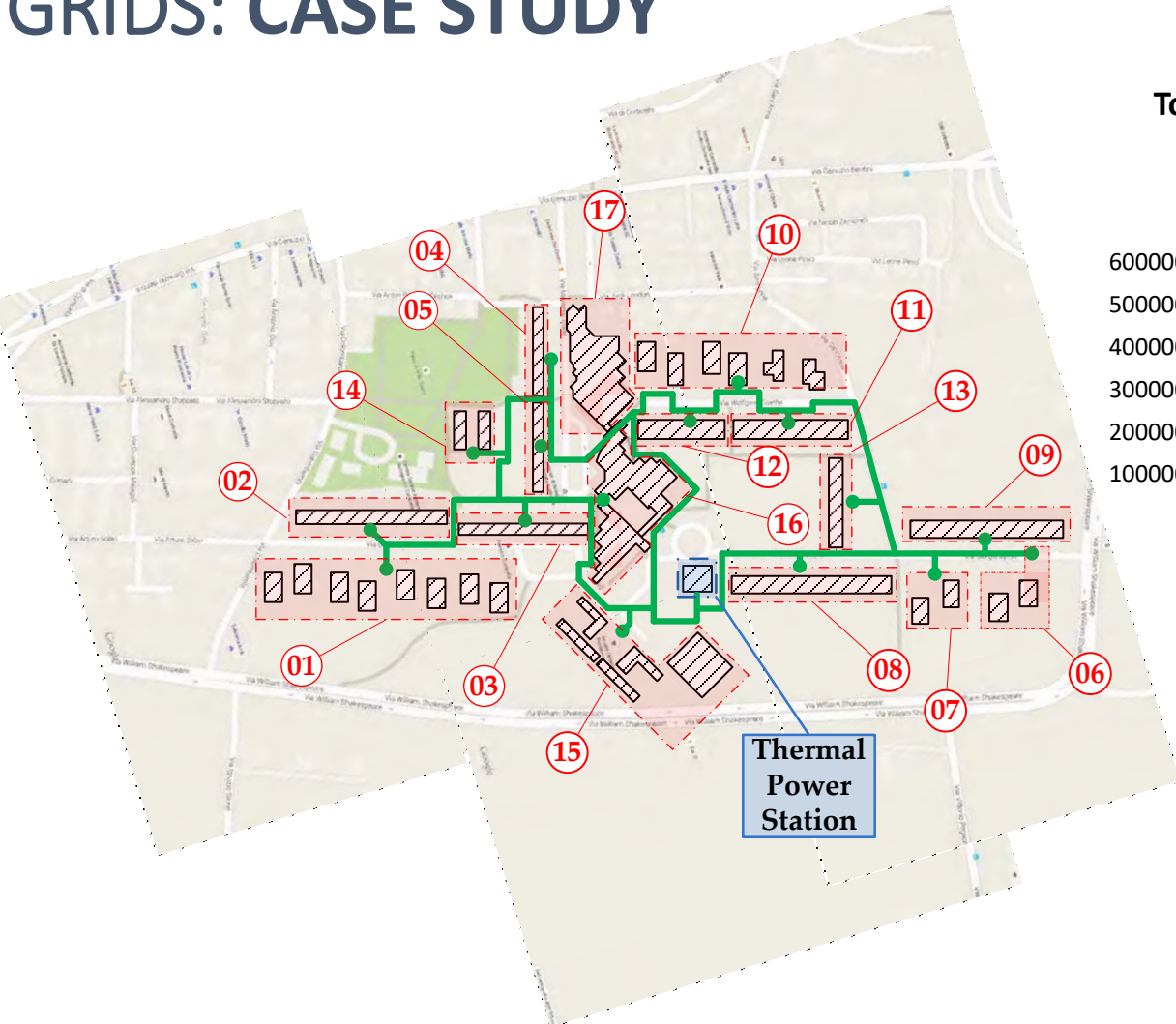
$$C_F = P_{EL,S} \cdot \xi_{EL,S} \cdot p_E$$



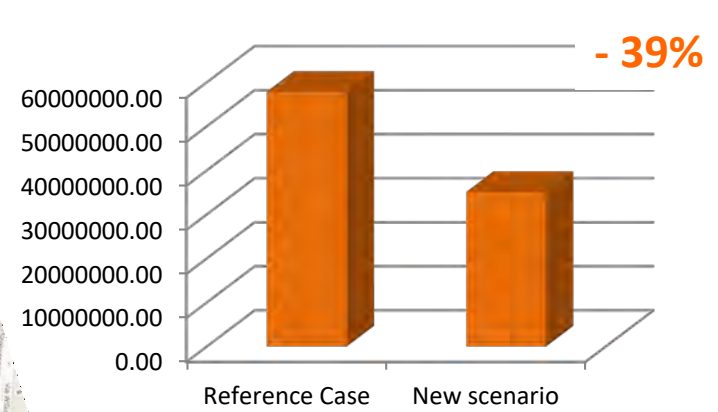
STRATEGIES FOR OPTIMAL MANAGEMENT IN POLYGENERATION GRIDS: CASE STUDY

STRATEGIES FOR OPTIMAL MANAGEMENT IN POLYGENERATION GRIDS:

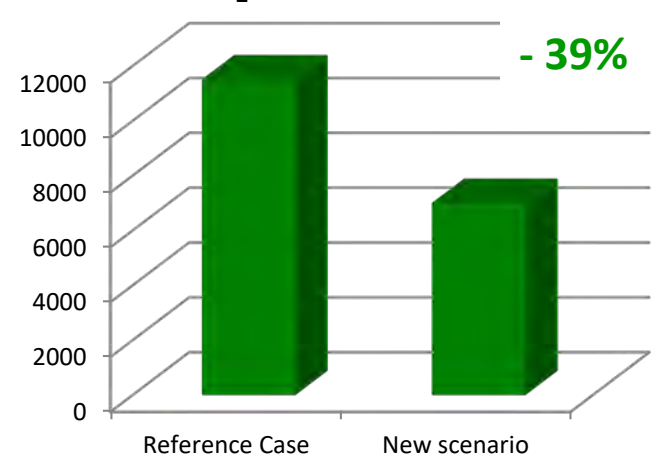
- Software EGO – genetic algorithms



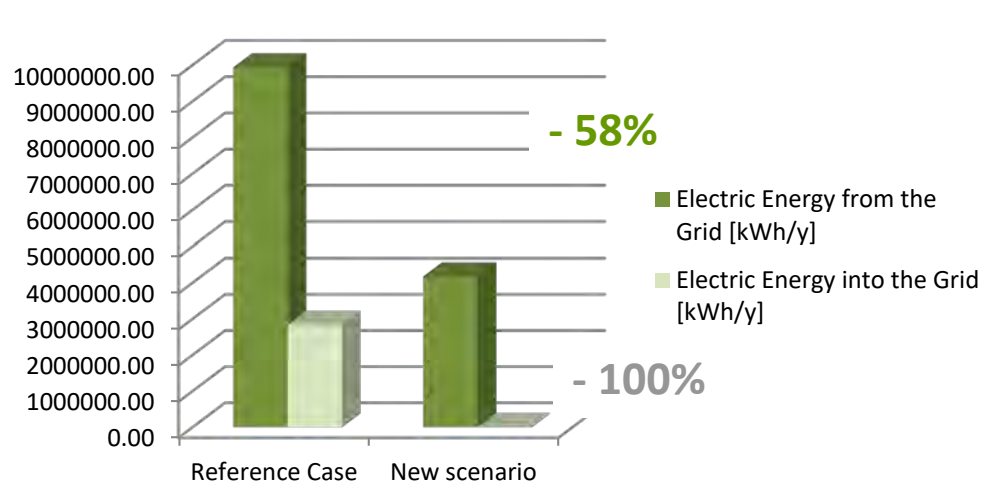
Total fuel consumption (for heat and electricity production)



CO₂ Emissions [tons/y]



Electricity Grid



Collaboration: ENEA, Efficacy project (POR-FESR 2014-2020)

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